

Some problem-solving hints:

1. Don't panic.
2. If you're stuck, at least try *something*.
3. If you can't do something, don't.
4. If things gets weird, there's probably a mistake.
5. If you can't solve a problem, solve an easier problem first.
6. When in doubt, write it out.
7. Remember: $(a + b)^2 \neq a^2 + b^2$.

Laws of limits:

Suppose $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} g(x)$ exist, and c is a constant. Then:

1. $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} [f(x) + g(x)] = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) + \lim_{x \rightarrow a} g(x)$
2. $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} [f(x) - g(x)] = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) - \lim_{x \rightarrow a} g(x)$
3. $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} [cf(x)] = c \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)$
4. $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} [f(x)g(x)] = (\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)) \cdot (\lim_{x \rightarrow a} g(x))$
5. $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} [f(x)/g(x)] = (\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)) / (\lim_{x \rightarrow a} g(x))$ if $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} g(x) \neq 0$
6. $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} c = c$
7. $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} x = a$

Problem 1. (6 points) Simplify the following:

a) $\log 5 + 5 \log 3$

b) $\sqrt{x^2}$

c) $\ln(\ln e^{e^5})$

Problem 2. (4 points) What is the domain of $\log(x + 2) + \log(x - 2)$?

Problem 3. (10 points) Compute $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{2x + 1}{x + 3}$ using the Limit Laws (no shortcuts!). Use only one limit law in each step and tell me which law you are using.

Problem 4. (10 points) Suppose the maximum speed permitted on a highway is 65 mi/h. Suppose also that the fine for violating the speed limit is \$15 for every mile per hour past the limit.

a) Express the amount of the fine f as a function of the driving speed x .

b) What is $f'(x)$?

c) What is the significance of $f'(x)$ in this situation?

Problem 5. (5 points) Graph $y = \tan(x + \pi/4)$.

Problem 6. (5 points) Graph $y = x^2 + 2x + 2$ by completing the square.

Problem 7. (15 points) Let $f(x) = \frac{(x+1)^2}{x^2}$.

a) Compute all vertical or horizontal asymptotes for f .

b) Graph $f(x)$ using the previous answer.

Problem 8. (15 points) Let $f(x) = \frac{x^2+3x+2}{x+2}$.

a) Compute $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} f(x)$.

b) What does it mean for a function to be continuous at a point a ?

c) At what points is f continuous?

d) Graph $f(x)$.

Problem 9. (10 points) Let $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 \cos(1/x) + x & \text{if } x \neq 0 \\ 0 & \text{if } x = 0 \end{cases}$

a) Is $f(x)$ continuous at 0? Prove that you are correct.

b) Does $f'(0)$ exist? If it does not exist, explain why not. If it does exist, what is its value?

Problem 10. (10 points) Use the limit definition of derivative to compute $\frac{d}{dt}\sqrt{9-t}$. Do NOT use any shortcuts.

Problem 11. (10 points) Does there exist a number a so that $a^2 = 2^a$? Your explanation should be very precise and clear (use full sentences).