Some problem-solving hints:

- 1. Don't panic.
- 2. If you're stuck, at least try something.
- 3. If you can't do something, don't.
- 4. If things gets weird, there's probably a mistake.
- 5. If you can't solve a problem, solve an easier problem first.
- 6. When in doubt, write it out.
- 7. Remember:  $(a + b)^2 \neq a^2 + b^2$ .

Laws of limits:

Suppose  $\lim_{x\to a} f(x)$  and  $\lim_{x\to a} g(x)$  exist, and c is a constant. Then:

1. 
$$\lim_{x\to a} [f(x) + g(x)] = \lim_{x\to a} f(x) + \lim_{x\to a} g(x)$$

2. 
$$\lim_{x\to a} [f(x) - g(x)] = \lim_{x\to a} f(x) - \lim_{x\to a} g(x)$$

3. 
$$\lim_{x\to a} [cf(x)] = c \lim_{x\to a} f(x)$$

4. 
$$\lim_{x \to a} [f(x)g(x)] = (\lim_{x \to a} f(x)) \cdot (\lim_{x \to a} g(x))$$

5. 
$$\lim_{x\to a} [f(x)/g(x)] = (\lim_{x\to a} f(x)) / (\lim_{x\to a} g(x))$$
 if  $\lim_{x\to a} g(x) \neq 0$ 

6. 
$$\lim_{x\to a} c = c$$

7. 
$$\lim_{x\to a} x = a$$

**Problem 1.** (6 points) Simplify the following:

$$a) \ \frac{(4^3 \cdot 5^{-2})^2}{2^6 \cdot 7}$$

b) 
$$\sqrt{x^2}$$

c) 
$$e^{2\ln 5}$$

**Problem 2.** (4 points) What is the domain of  $\sqrt{|x|}$ ?

**Problem 3.** (10 points) Compute  $\lim_{x\to 2} \frac{x^2}{x+3}$  using the Limit Laws (no short-cuts!). Use only one limit law in each step and tell me which law you are using.

<b>Problem 4.</b> (10 points) Suppose we have the following income tax system: fo the first \$10,000 there is no tax. Any income past \$10,000 is taxed at 10%.	r
a) Write the amount of tax paid as a function $f(x)$ of the income.	
b) What is $f'(x)$ ?	
c) What is the significance of $f'(x)$ in this situation?	

**Problem 5.** (5 points) Graph  $y = \cos(x + \pi/4)$ .

**Problem 6.** (5 points) Graph  $y = x^2 + 4x + 1$  by completing the square.

**Problem 7.** (15 points) Let  $f(x) = \frac{(x-1)^2}{x^2}$ .

a) Compute all vertical or horizontal asymptotes for f.

b) Graph f(x) using the previous answer.

**Problem 8.** (15 points) Let  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 3x - 2}{x - 2}$ .

a) Compute  $\lim_{x\to 2} f(x)$ .

b) What does it mean for a function to be continous at a point a?

c) At what points is f continuous?

d) Graph f(x).

**Problem 9.** (15 points) Let 
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 \sin(1/x) + x & \text{if } x \neq 0 \\ 0 & \text{if } x = 0 \end{cases}$$

a) Is f(x) continuous at 0? Prove that you are correct.

b) Does f'(0) exist? If it does not exist, explain why not. If it does exist, what is its value?

**Problem 10.** (10 points) Use the limit definition of derivative to compute  $\frac{d}{dt}(5t-9t^2)$ . Do NOT use any shortcuts.

**Problem 11.** (10 points) Does there exist a number whose sine is equal to its square root? Your explanation should be very precise and clear (use full sentences).